Offeror:	
Solicitation No.	
Item Description:	

52.212-3 -- Offeror Representations and Certifications -- Commercial Items(Aug 2009)

An offeror shall complete only paragraphs (b) of this provision if the offeror has completed the annual representations and certificates electronically at http://orca.bpn.gov. If an offeror has not completed the annual representations and certifications electronically at the ORCA website, the offeror shall complete only paragraphs (c) through (m) of this provision.

(a) Definitions. As used in this provision--

"Emerging small business" means a small business concern whose size is no greater than 50 percent of the numerical size standard for the NAICS code designated.

"Forced or indentured child labor" means all work or service—

- (1) Exacted from any person under the age of 18 under the menace of any penalty for its nonperformance and for which the worker does not offer himself voluntarily; or
- (2) Performed by any person under the age of 18 pursuant to a contract the enforcement of which can be accomplished by process or penalties.

"Inverted domestic corporation" means a foreign incorporated entity which is treated as an inverted domestic corporation under 6 U.S.C. 395(b), *i.e.*, a corporation that used to be incorporated in the United States, or used to be a partnership in the United States, but now is incorporated in a foreign country, or is a subsidiary whose parent corporation is incorporated in a foreign country, that meets the criteria specified in 6 U.S.C. 395(b), applied in accordance with the rules and definitions of 6 U.S.C. 395(c).

"Manufactured end product" means any end product in Federal Supply Classes (FSC) 1000-9999, except—

- (1) FSC 5510, Lumber and Related Basic Wood Materials;
- (2) Federal Supply Group (FSG) 87, Agricultural Supplies;
- (3) FSG 88, Live Animals;
- (4) FSG 89, Food and Related Consumables;
- (5) FSC 9410, Crude Grades of Plant Materials;
- (6) FSC 9430, Miscellaneous Crude Animal Products, Inedible;
- (7) FSC 9440, Miscellaneous Crude Agricultural and Forestry Products;
- (8) FSC 9610, Ores;
- (9) FSC 9620, Minerals, Natural and Synthetic; and
- (10) FSC 9630, Additive Metal Materials.

"Place of manufacture" means the place where an end product is assembled out of components, or otherwise made or processed from raw materials into the finished product that is to be provided to the Government. If a product is disassembled and reassembled, the place of reassembly is not the place of manufacture.

"Restricted business operations" means business operations in Sudan that include power production activities, mineral extraction activities, oil-related activities, or the production of military equipment, as those terms are defined in the Sudan Accountability and Divestment Act of 2007 (Pub. L. 110-174). Restricted business operations do not include business operations that the person (as that term is defined in Section 2 of the Sudan Accountability and Divestment Act of 2007) conducting the business can demonstrate—

- (1) Are conducted under contract directly and exclusively with the regional government of southern Sudan;
- (2) Are conducted pursuant to specific authorization from the Office of Foreign Assets Control in the Department of the Treasury, or are expressly exempted under Federal law from the requirement to be conducted under such authorization;
- (3) Consist of providing goods or services to marginalized populations of Sudan;
- (4) Consist of providing goods or services to an internationally recognized peacekeeping force or humanitarian organization;
- (5) Consist of providing goods or services that are used only to promote health or education; or
- (6) Have been voluntarily suspended.

"Service-disabled veteran-owned small business concern"—

(1) Means a small business concern—

- (i) Not less than 51 percent of which is owned by one or more service-disabled veterans or, in the case of any publicly owned business, not less than 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more service-disabled veterans; and
- (ii) The management and daily business operations of which are controlled by one or more service-disabled veterans or, in the case of a service-disabled veteran with permanent and severe disability, the spouse or permanent caregiver of such veteran.
- (2) Service-disabled veteran means a veteran, as defined in 38 U.S.C. 101(2), with a disability that is service-connected, as defined in 38 U.S.C. 101(16).

"Small business concern" means a concern, including its affiliates, that is independently owned and operated, not dominant in the field of operation in which it is bidding on Government contracts, and qualified as a small business under the criteria in 13 CFR Part 121 and size standards in this solicitation.

"Veteran-owned small business concern" means a small business concern—

- (1) Not less than 51 percent of which is owned by one or more veterans(as defined at 38 U.S.C. 101(2)) or, in the case of any publicly owned business, not less than 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more veterans; and
- (2) The management and daily business operations of which are controlled by one or more veterans. "Women-owned business concern" means a concern which is at least 51 percent owned by one or more women; or in the case of any publicly owned business, at least 51 percent of the its stock is owned by one or more women; and whose management and daily business operations are controlled by one or more women.

"Women-owned small business concern" means a small business concern --

- (1) That is at least 51 percent owned by one or more women or, in the case of any publicly owned business, at least 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more women; and
- (2) Whose management and daily business operations are controlled by one or more women.

(b)

- (1) Annual Representations and Certifications. Any changes provided by the offeror in paragraph (b)(2) of this provision do not automatically change the representations and certifications posted on the Online Representations and Certifications Application (ORCA) website.

(c) Offerors must complete the following representations when the resulting contract is to be performed in the United States or its outlying areas. Check all that apply.

- (1) Small business concern. The offeror represents as part of its offer that it [_] is, [_] is not a small business concern.

 (2) Veteran-owned small business concern. [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (c)(1) of this provision.] The offeror represents as part of its offer that it [_] is, [_] is not a veteran-owned small business concern.

 (3) Service-disabled veteran-owned small business concern. [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a veteran-owned small business concern in paragraph (c)(2) of this provision.] The offeror represents as part of its offer that it [_] is, [_] is not a service-disabled veteran-owned small business concern.

 (4) Small disadvantaged business concern. [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a small
- purposes, that it [_] is, [_] is not, a small disadvantaged business concern as defined in 13 CFR 124.1002. (5) Women-owned small business concern. [Complete only if the offeror represented itself as a small business concern in paragraph (c)(1) of this provision.] The offeror represents that it [_] is, [_] is not a women-owned small business concern.

business concern in paragraph (c)(1) of this provision.] The offeror represents, for general statistical

Note: Complete paragraphs (c)(6) and (c)(7) only if this solicitation is expected to exceed the simplified acquisition threshold.

- (6) Women-owned business concern (other than small business concern). [Complete only if the offeror is a women-owned business concern and did not represent itself as a small business concern in paragraph (c)(1) of this provision.]. The offeror represents that it [_] is, a women-owned business concern.
- (7) *Tie bid priority for labor surplus area concerns*. If this is an invitation for bid, small business offerors may identify the labor surplus areas in which costs to be incurred on account of manufacturing or production (by offeror or first-tier subcontractors) amount to more than 50 percent of the contract price:
- (8) Small Business Size for the Small Business Competitiveness Demonstration Program and for the Targeted Industry Categories under the Small Business Competitiveness Demonstration Program. [Complete only if the offeror has represented itself to be a small business concern under the size standards for this solicitation.]
 - (i) [Complete only for solicitations indicated in an addendum as being set-aside for emerging small businesses in one of the designated industry groups (DIGs).] The offeror represents as part of its offer that it [] is, [] is not an emerging small business.
 - (ii) [Complete only for solicitations indicated in an addendum as being for one of the targeted industry categories (TICs) or designated industry groups (DIGs).] Offeror represents as follows:
 - (A) Offeror's number of employees for the past 12 months (check the Employees column if size standard stated in the solicitation is expressed in terms of number of employees); or
 - (B) Offeror's average annual gross revenue for the last 3 fiscal years (check the Average Annual Gross Number of Revenues column if size standard stated in the solicitation is expressed in terms of annual receipts).

Check	one o	of the	follo	wing)	١.
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Number of Employees	Average Annual Gross Revenues
50 or fewer	\$1 million or less
51-100	\$1,000,001-\$2 million
101-250	\$2,000,001-\$3.5 million
251-500	\$3,500,001-\$5 million
501-750	\$5,000,001-\$10 million
751-1,000	\$10,000,001-\$17 million
Over 1,000	Over \$17 million

- (9) [Complete only if the solicitation contains the clause at FAR 52.219-23, Notice of Price Evaluation Adjustment for Small Disadvantaged Business Concerns, or FAR 52.219-25, Small Disadvantaged Business Participation Program—Disadvantaged Status and Reporting, and the offeror desires a benefit based on its disadvantaged status.]
 - (i) General. The offeror represents that either—
 - (A) It [_] is, [_] is not certified by the Small Business Administration as a small disadvantaged business concern and identified, on the date of this representation, as a certified small disadvantaged business concern in the database maintained by the Small Business Administration (PRO-Net), and that no material change in disadvantaged ownership and control has occurred since its certification, and, where the concern is owned by one or more individuals claiming disadvantaged status, the net worth of each individual upon whom the certification is based does not exceed \$750,000 after taking into account the applicable exclusions set forth at 13 CFR 124.104(c)(2); or (B) It [_] has, [_] has not submitted a completed application to the Small Business Administration or a Private Certifier to be certified as a small disadvantaged business concern in accordance with 13 CFR 124, Subpart B, and a decision on that application is pending, and that no material change in disadvantaged ownership and control has occurred since its application was submitted.
 - (ii) Joint Ventures under the Price Evaluation Adjustment for Small Disadvantaged Business Concerns. The offeror represents, as part of its offer, that it is a joint venture that complies with

	provision is accurate for the small d	O2(f) and that the representation in paragraph (c)(9)(i) of this lisadvantaged business concern that is participating in the joint name of the small disadvantaged business concern that is
	(10) HUBZone small business concern. [Corconcern in paragraph (c)(1) of this provision (i) It [_] is, [_] is not a HUBZone son the List of Qualified HUBZone Administration, and no material characteristics.	mplete only if the offeror represented itself as a small business.] The offeror represents, as part of its offer, thatmall business concern listed, on the date of this representation, Small Business Concerns maintained by the Small Business ange in ownership and control, principal office, or HUBZone since it was certified by the Small Business Administration in
	the representation in paragraph (c)(business concern or concerns that a name or names of the HUBZone sm joint venture:] Each H	hat complies with the requirements of 13 CFR part 126, and 10)(i) of this provision is accurate for the HUBZone small re participating in the joint venture. [The offeror shall enter the all business concern or concerns that are participating in the IUBZone small business concern participating in the joint ed copy of the HUBZone representation.
(d) Repr	resentations required to implement provisions of Ex	xecutive Order 11246
	(1) Previous contracts and compliance. The c (i) It [_] has, [_] has not, participate Opportunity clause of this solicitatic (ii) It [_] has, [_] has not, filed all re	d in a previous contract or subcontract subject to the Equal on; and
	establishment, affirmative action pr Labor (41 CFR parts 60-1 and 60-2	ile, [_] has not developed and does not have on file, at each ograms required by rules and regulations of the Secretary of), or htracts subject to the written affirmative action programs
expected Federal a or emplo Congress Disclosu complete registran	to exceed \$100,000.) By submission of its offer, the cappropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to an eyee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer son his or her behalf in connection with the award of the extra few parts and submit, with its offer, OMB Standard Form LLL	pransactions (31 U.S.C. 1352). (Applies only if the contract is offeror certifies to the best of its knowledge and belief that no may person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of Congress or an employee of a Member of any resultant contract. If any registrants under the Lobbying of the offeror with respect to this contract, the offeror shall possible. Disclosure of Lobbying Activities, to provide the name of the ficers or employees of the offeror to whom payments of
	n Act – Supplies, is included in this solicitation.) (1) The offeror certifies that each end product domestic end product and that for other than unknown origin to have been mined, product list as foreign end products those end product domestic end products, <i>i.e.</i> , an end product tin paragraph (2) of the definition of "domest shelf (COTS) item," "component," "domesti	et, except those listed in paragraph (f)(2) of this provision, is a COTS items, the offeror has considered components of ed, or manufactured outside the United States. The offeror shall its manufactured in the United States that do not qualify as that is not a COTS item and does not meet the component test ic end product." The terms "commercially available off-thece end product," "end product," "foreign end product," and his solicitation entitled "Buy American Act—Supplies."
	LINE ITEM NO.	COUNTRY OF ORIGIN

II jet as pagesegyl	
[List as necessary] (3) The Government will evaluate offers in	accordance with the policies and procedures of FAR Part 25.
at FAR 52.225-3, Buy American Act Fre solicitation.) (i) The offeror certifies that each e (g)(1)(iii) of this provision, is a do offeror has considered component manufactured outside the United Send product," "commercially avail product," "end product," "foreign Agreement country end product," clause of this solicitation entitled "Act." (ii) The offeror certifies that the forproducts (other than Bahrainian, N	ments Israeli Trade Act Certificate. (Applies only if the claus e Trade Agreements Israeli Trade Act, is included in this and product, except those listed in paragraph (g)(1)(ii) or mestic end product and that for other than COTS items, the sof unknown origin to have been mined, produced, or states. The terms "Bahrainian, Moroccan, Omani, or Peruvian able off-the-shelf (COTS) item," "component," "Gomestic end end product," "Free Trade Agreement country," "Free Trade "Israeli end product," and 'United States' are defined in the Buy American ActFree Trade Agreement country end Moroccan, Omani, or Peruvian end products) or Israeli end f this solicitation entitled "Buy American Act—Free Trade
Free Trade Agreement Country End Products (Other than Bal	nrainian or Moroccan End Products) or Israeli End Products:
LINE ITEM NO.	COUNTRY OF ORIGIN
paragraph (g)(1)(ii) or this provision American Act—Free Trade Agree end products those end products m	oplies that are foreign end products (other than those listed in on) as defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled "Buy ments—Israeli Trade Act." The offeror shall list as other foreign anufactured in the United States that do not qualify as domestic that is not a COTS item and does not meet the component test in domestic end product."
LINE ITEM NO.	COUNTRY OF ORIGIN
	COCTAIN OF CHICAL
	1
[List as necessary]	
(iv) The Government will evaluate Part 25. (2) Buy American Act—Free Trade Agreem the clause at FAR 52.225-3 is included in the paragraph (g)(1)(ii) of the basic provision: (g)(1)(ii) The offeror certifies that the clause of this solicitation entitle Act": Canadian End Products:	e offers in accordance with the policies and procedures of FAR sents—Israeli Trade Act Certificate, Alternate I. If Alternate I to his solicitation, substitute the following paragraph (g)(1)(ii) for the following supplies are Canadian end products as defined in ed "Buy American Act—Free Trade Agreements—Israeli Tradition No.:
[List as	necessary]

(3) Buy American Act—Free Trade Agreements—Israeli Trade Act Certificate, Alternate II. If Alternate II to the clause at FAR 52.225-3 is included in this solicitation, substitute the following paragraph (g)(1)(ii) for paragraph (g)(1)(ii) of the basic provision:

(g)(1)(ii) The offeror certifies that the following supplies are Canadian end products or Israeli end products as defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled ``Buy American Act--Free Trade Agreements--Israeli Trade Act":

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ı	Canadia	n or	istaei	1 En(1 Pro	aucis:

Line Item No.:	Country of Origin:

[List as necessary]

- (4) *Trade Agreements Certificate*. (Applies only if the clause at FAR 52.225-5, Trade Agreements, is included in this solicitation.)
 - (i) The offeror certifies that each end product, except those listed in paragraph (g)(4)(ii) of this provision, is a U.S.-made or designated country end product as defined in the clause of this solicitation entitled "Trade Agreements."
 - (ii) The offeror shall list as other end products those end products that are not U.S.-made or designated country end products.

Other End Products

Line Item No.:	Country of Origin:

[List as necessary]

- (iii) The Government will evaluate offers in accordance with the policies and procedures of FAR Part 25. For line items covered by the WTO GPA, the Government will evaluate offers of U.S.-made or designated country end products without regard to the restrictions of the Buy American Act. The Government will consider for award only offers of U.S.-made or designated country end products unless the Contracting Officer determines that there are no offers for such products or that the offers for such products are insufficient to fulfill the requirements of the solicitation.
- (h) Certification Regarding Responsibility Matters (Executive Order 12689). (Applies only if the contract value is expected to exceed the simplified acquisition threshold.) The offeror certifies, to the best of its knowledge and belief, that the offeror and/or any of its principals--
 - (1) [_] Are, [_] are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, or declared ineligible for the award of contracts by any Federal agency;
 - (2) [_] Have, [_] have not, within a three-year period preceding this offer, been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for: commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a Federal, state or local government contract or subcontract; violation of Federal or state antitrust statutes relating to the submission of offers; or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, tax evasion, violating Federal criminal tax laws, or receiving stolen property; and
 - (3) [_] Are, [_] are not presently indicted for, or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a Government entity with, commission of any of these offenses enumerated in paragraph (h)(2) of this clause; and
 - (4) [_] Have, [_] have not, within a three-year period preceding this offer, been notified of any delinquent Federal taxes in an amount that exceeds \$3,000 for which the liability remains unsatisfied.
 - (i) Taxes are considered delinquent if both of the following criteria apply:
 - (A) *The tax liability is finally determined*. The liability is finally determined if it has been assessed. A liability is not finally determined if there is a pending administrative or

judicial challenge. In the case of a judicial challenge to the liability, the liability is not finally determined until all judicial appeal rights have been exhausted.

(B) *The taxpayer is delinquent in making payment*. A taxpayer is delinquent if the taxpayer has failed to pay the tax liability when full payment was due and required. A taxpayer is not delinquent in cases where enforced collection action is precluded.

(ii) Examples.

- (A) The taxpayer has received a statutory notice of deficiency, under I.R.C. §6212, which entitles the taxpayer to seek Tax Court review of a proposed tax deficiency. This is not a delinquent tax because it is not a final tax liability. Should the taxpayer seek Tax Court review, this will not be a final tax liability until the taxpayer has exercised all judicial appear rights.
- (B) The IRS has filed a notice of Federal tax lien with respect to an assessed tax liability, and the taxpayer has been issued a notice under I.R.C. §6320 entitling the taxpayer to request a hearing with the IRS Office of Appeals Contesting the lien filing, and to further appeal to the Tax Court if the IRS determines to sustain the lien filing. In the course of the hearing, the taxpayer is entitled to contest the underlying tax liability because the taxpayer has had no prior opportunity to contest the liability. This is not a delinquent tax because it is not a final tax liability. Should the taxpayer seek tax court review, this will not be a final tax liability until the taxpayer has exercised all judicial appeal rights.

 (C) The taxpayer has entered into an installment agreement pursuant to I.R.C. §6159. The
- (C) The taxpayer has entered into an installment agreement pursuant to I.R.C. §6159. The taxpayer is making timely payments and is in full compliance with the agreement terms. The taxpayer is not delinquent because the taxpayer is not currently required to make full payment.
- (D) The taxpayer has filed for bankruptcy protection. The taxpayer is not delinquent because enforced collection action is stayed under 11 U.S.C. §362 (the Bankruptcy Code).
- (i) Certification Regarding Knowledge of Child Labor for Listed End Products (Executive Order 13126). [The Contracting Officer must list in paragraph (i)(1) any end products being acquired under this solicitation that are included in the List of Products Requiring Contractor Certification as to Forced or Indentured Child Labor, unless excluded at 22.1503(b).]

(1) Listed End Product

Listed End Product:	Listed Countries of Origin:

- (2) Certification. [If the Contracting Officer has identified end products and countries of origin in paragraph (i)(1) of this provision, then the offeror must certify to either (i)(2)(i) or (i)(2)(ii) by checking the appropriate block.]
 - [_] (i) The offeror will not supply any end product listed in paragraph (i)(1) of this provision that was mined, produced, or manufactured in the corresponding country as listed for that product. [_] (ii) The offeror may supply an end product listed in paragraph (i)(1) of this provision that was mined, produced, or manufactured in the corresponding country as listed for that product. The offeror certifies that is has made a good faith effort to determine whether forced or indentured child labor was used to mine, produce, or manufacture any such end product furnished under this contract. On the basis of those efforts, the offeror certifies that it is not aware of any such use of child labor.
- (j) *Place of manufacture*. (Does not apply unless the solicitation is predominantly for the acquisition of manufactured end products.) For statistical purposes only, the offeror shall indicate whether the place of manufacture of the end products it expects to provide in response to this solicitation is predominantly—
 - (1) [_] In the United States (Check this box if the total anticipated price of offered end products manufactured in the United States exceeds the total anticipated price of offered end products manufactured outside the United States); or

	(2) [_] Outside the United States.
to its complianc	regarding exemptions from the application of the Service Contract Act. (Certification by the offeror as with respect to the contract also constitutes its certification as to compliance by its subcontractor if it the exempt services.) [The contracting officer is to check a box to indicate if paragraph (k)(1) or (k)(2)
аррисз.]	(1) [_] Maintenance, calibration, or repair of certain equipment as described in FAR 22.1003-4(c)(1). The offeror [_] does [_] does not certify that—
	(i) The items of equipment to be serviced under this contract are used regularly for other than Governmental purposes and are sold or traded by the offeror (or subcontractor in the case of an exempt subcontract) in substantial quantities to the general public in the course of normal business operations;
	(ii) The services will be furnished at prices which are, or are based on, established catalog or market prices (see FAR 22.1003-4(c)(2)(ii)) for the maintenance, calibration, or repair of such equipment; and
	(iii) The compensation (wage and fringe benefits) plan for all service employees performing work under the contract will be the same as that used for these employees and equivalent employees servicing the same equipment of commercial customers.
	(2) [_] Certain services as described in FAR 22.1003-4(d)(1). The offeror [_] does [_] does not certify that—
	(i) The services under the contract are offered and sold regularly to non-Governmental customers, and are provided by the offeror (or subcontractor in the case of an exempt subcontract) to the general public in substantial quantities in the course of normal business operations;(ii) The contract services will be furnished at prices that are, or are based on, established catalog or
	market prices (see FAR 22.1003-4(d)(2)(iii)); (iii) Each service employee who will perform the services under the contract will spend only a small portion of his or her time (a monthly average of less than 20 percent of the available hours on an annualized basis, or less than 20 percent of available hours during the contract period if the contract period is less than a month) servicing the Government contract; and (iv) The compensation (wage and fringe benefits) plan for all service employees performing work under the contract is the same as that used for these employees and equivalent employees servicing commercial customers. (3) If paragraph (k)(1) or (k)(2) of this clause applies— (i) If the offeror does not certify to the conditions in paragraph (k)(1) or (k)(2) and the Contracting Officer did not attach a Service Contract Act wage determination to the solicitation, the offeror
	shall notify the Contracting Officer as soon as possible; and (ii) The Contracting Officer may not make an award to the offeror if the offeror fails to execute the certification in paragraph (k)(1) or (k)(2) of this clause or to contact the Contracting Officer as required in paragraph (k)(3)(i) of this clause.
	entification number (TIN) (26 U.S.C. 6109, 31 U.S.C. 7701). (Not applicable if the offeror is required to ormation to a central contractor registration database to be eligible for award.)
	(1) All offerors must submit the information required in paragraphs (l)(3) through (l)(5) of this provision to comply with debt collection requirements of 31 U.S.C. 7701(c) and 3325(d), reporting requirements of 26 U.S.C. 6041, 6041A, and 6050M, and implementing regulations issued by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS).
	(2) The TIN may be used by the government to collect and report on any delinquent amounts arising out of the offeror's relationship with the Government (31 U.S.C. 7701(c)(3)). If the resulting contract is subject to the payment reporting requirements described in FAR 4.904, the TIN provided hereunder may be matched with IRS records to verify the accuracy of the offeror's TIN.]
	(3) Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN). [_] TIN: [_] TIN has been applied for. [_] TIN is not required because:

	income effectively connected with the conduct of a trade or business in the United States and does
	not have an office or place of business or a fiscal paying agent in the United States;
	[_] Offeror is an agency or instrumentality of a foreign government;
	[_] Offeror is an agency or instrumentality of the Federal Government;
(1	1) Type of organization
(4	1) Type of organization. [_] Sole proprietorship;
	[_] Partnership;
	[_] Corporate entity (not tax-exempt);
	[_] Corporate entity (not tax-exempt); [_] Corporate entity (tax-exempt);
	[_] Government entity (Federal, State, or local);
	[_] Foreign government;
	[_] International organization per 26 CFR 1.6049-4;
	[_] Other
(5	5) Common parent.
`	[_] Offeror is not owned or controlled by a common parent:
	[_] Name and TIN of common parent:
	Name TIN
	TIN
	<i>ness operations in Sudan</i> . By submission of its offer, the offeror certifies that the offeror does not
conduct any restrict	ted business operations in Sudan.
(n) Prohibition on	Contracting with Inverted Domestic Corporations.
	1) Relation to Internal Revenue Code. A foreign entity that is treated as an inverted domestic corporation
	or purposes of the Internal Revenue Code at 26 U.S.C. 7874 (or would be except that the inversion
	ansactions were completed on or before March 4, 2003), is also an inverted domestic corporation for
	urposes of 6 U.S.C. 395 and for this solicitation provision (see FAR 9.108).
	2) Representation. By submission of its offer, the offeror represents that it is not an inverted domestic
	orporation and is not a subsidiary of one.
	(End of Provision)
Alternate I (Apr 20)	02). As prescribed in 12.301 (b)(2), add the following paragraph (c)(11) to the basic provision:
	(11) (Complete if the offeror has represented itself as disadvantaged in paragraph (c)(4) or (c)(9) of this
	rovision.)
	The offeror shall check the category in which its ownership falls]:
	Black American.
	Hispanic American.
	Native American (American Indians, Eskimos, Aleuts, or Native Hawaiians).
	Asian-Pacific American (persons with origins from Burma, Thailand, Malaysia, Indonesia, Singapore,
В	runei, Japan, China, Taiwan, Laos, Cambodia (Kampuchea), Vietnam, Korea, The Philippines, U.S. Trust
	erritory or the Pacific Islands (Republic of Palau), Republic of the Marshall Islands, Federated States of
	Sicronesia, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, Guam, Samoa, Macao, Hong Kong, Fiji,
T	onga, Kiribati, Tuvalu, or Nauru).
=	Subcontinent Asian (Asian-Indian) American (persons with origins from India, Pakistan, Bangladesh,
Sı	ri Lanka, Bhutan, the Maldives Islands, or Nepal).
_	Individual/concern, other than one of the preceding.
Alternate II (Oct 20	000). As prescribed in 12.301(b)(2), add the following paragraph (c)(9)(iii) to the basic provision:
Allemaie II (Oct 20	(iii) Address. The offeror represents that its address [_]is, [_] is not in a region for which a small
	disadvantaged business procurement mechanism is authorized and its address has not changed
	since its certification as a small disadvantaged business concern or submission of its application
	for certification. The list of authorized small disadvantaged business procurement mechanisms and
	regions is posted at http://www.arnet.gov/References/sdbadjustments. . htm. The offeror shall use
	the list in effect on the date of this solicitation. "Address," as used in this provision, means the
	address of the offeror as listed on the Small Business Administration's register of small

[_] Offeror is a nonresident alien, foreign corporation, or foreign partnership that does not have

disadvantaged business concerns or the address on the completed application that the concern has submitted to the Small Business Administration or a Private Certifier in accordance with 13 CFR part 124, subpart B. For joint ventures, "address" refers to the address of the small disadvantaged business concern that is participating in the joint venture.